

PCD1.B1000-A20

E-Line RIO 4DI, 10Rel Starting with FW 1.08.xx

The L-Serie E-Line RIO modules are controlled via the RS-485 serial communication protocols S-Bus and Modbus for decentralised automation using industrial quality components. The data point mix is specifically designed for building automation applications.

The compact design according to DIN 43880 enables installation in electrical distribution boxes even in the most confined spaces. Installation and maintenance

are facilitated by the local manual override for each output. Remote maintenance is also possible by accessing the manual override using the Saia PCD® controller's web interface. Programming is very efficient and fast using a complete FBox library with web templates for S-Bus. Individual programs may directly access the data points via Registers and Flags. Complete documentation is included in this data sheet.

Features

- ► S-Bus protocol optimized for fast data exchange
- ► Modbus protocol for integration in multi-vendor installations*
- ▶ Local override operating level via web panel or buttons on the module
- ► Specific I/O mix suitable for HVAC systems
- ▶ Easy programming using the FBox library and web templates
- ▶ Industrial hardware in accordance with IEC EN 61131-2
- ▶ Pluggable terminal blocks protected by flaps
- ► Electrically isolated RS-485 interface with bus termination

General technical data

Power supply	
Supply voltage	24 VDC, –15/+20% max. incl. 5% ripple (in accordance with EN/IEC 61131-2)
Electrically isolated	500 VDC between power supply and RS-485
Power consumption	1.23 W

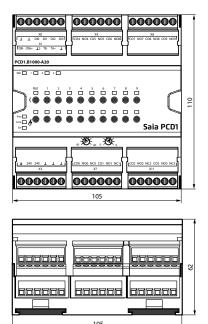
Interfaces

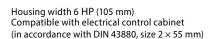
Communications interface	RS-485 with electrical isolation Baud rate: 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 115,200 bps (Autobauding)
Address switch for S-Bus address	Two rotary switches 09 Address range 098
Terminating resistor	Integrated, can be activated via a wire jumper

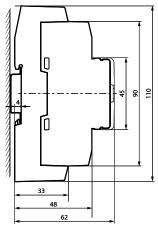
General data

Ambient temperature	Operation:	0+55°C
	Storage:	-40+70°C

Dimensions and installation







on a 35 mm top-hat rail (in accordance with DIN EN 60715 TH35)

^{*} By default the module is working in S-Bus Data Mode with Autobaud detection. To configure Modbus the Windows-based application "E-LineApp" is required

Input/output configuration

Digital inputs

Number	4	
Input voltage	4 VDC, source operation (positive switching)	
Switching level	.ow: 05 V, High: 1524 V	
Input current	Typical 2 mA	
Input filter time (DC)	Typical 8 ms	

Relay outputs

Number	10 (6 normally open/ 4 changeover)	
Switching voltage max.	250 VAC / 30 VDC	
Switching current max.	4 A (AC1, DC1)	
Contact protection	None	
Local manual override	Override operation by button	

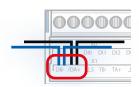
Terminal technology

Push-in spring terminals enable wiring with rigid or flexible wires with a diameter up to 1.5 mm². A max. of 1 mm² is permitted with cable end sleeves.



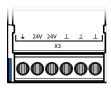
Bus wiring

DB- and /DA+ terminals must be used for exchanging data between modules. The bus is through-wired by using one terminal per bus line in order to not interrupt the bus connection when removing the connector on modules.



Connection concept

The device is supplied by a 24 VDC voltage supply.

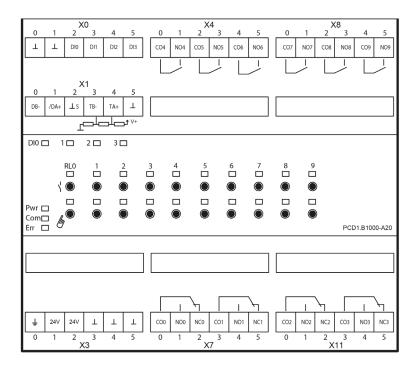


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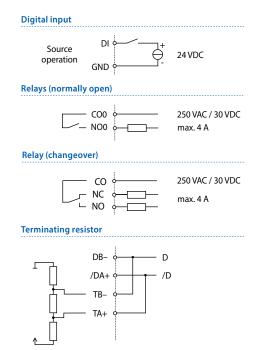
Flexible RS-485 cables with a cross-section of no more than 0.75 mm² must be used for bus wiring. A total cross-section of 1.5 mm² is allowed per terminal.

The communication bus can be terminated with internal terminating resistors using wire bridges.

Assignment overview



Connection diagrams





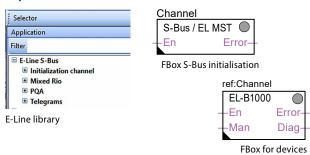
GND	1	ground
GND	ΤD	digital electrically isolated ground
GND	LΑ	analog electrically isolated ground
SGND	ΔS	signal ground
	⊥D#	# = alphanumeric index by different grounds

Programming



The modules are addressed and programmed with Saia PG5® Fupla FBoxes. Web templates are available for the operation and visualisation of the manual override function.

Fupla



Communication FBox

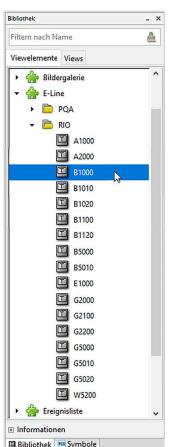
- ▶ Data exchange for I/O via optimised S-Bus
- ► Configurable save state for bus interruption or timeout
- ▶ Direct generation of the symbols
- ▶ Reading and writing of the status of the manual override status
- ► Direct compatibility with web macros



Further information, including which FBoxes are supported, Getting Started, etc., can be found on our support page www.saia-support.com.

Web templates

Web templates are available for the operation and visualisation of the manual override function.







By using the local override function, commissioning can take place independently of the master station.

In addition, the manual operation can also be controlled remotely using a touch panel. If the bus line is cut off, the module keeps the manually set values. Traditional manual operation in the control cabinet door via potentiometers and switches can therefore be completely replaced by this solution.

Five operating modes can be selected for the manual operating function:

Operat-	Description	Operation		
ing modes			via remote (com)	
1	Manual operation deactivated	×	×	
2	Operation permitted from the module only	✓	×	
3	Operation permitted from the module and limited operation from the panel. If manual operation is activated at the module, it cannot be reset from the panel.	✓	(condi- tional)	
4	Unlimited operation from the panel and module	✓	✓	
5	Panel operation (remote)	×	✓	



Depending on the application, reset of manually set values is allowed from a panel. To address this requirement, it is possible to deactivate or limit manual operation function.

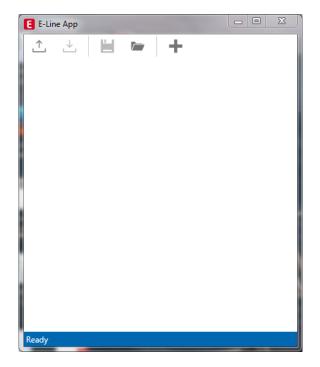


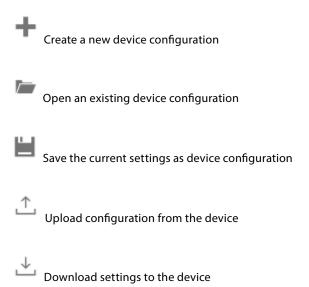
The inputs of the E-Line RIO modules can be addressed via the standard S-Bus. However the FBox from the E-Line library is used for the configuration of these modules.

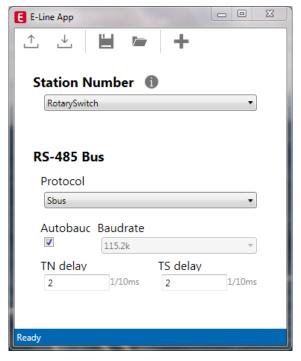
It is therefore recommended to use the optimised S-Bus protocol and the corresponding FBoxes from the E-Line library. Mixed mode operation is not recommended.

E-line App device setup

E-Line RIOs support the device setup by a windows application program connected via USB. The installer is available for download from the SBC support page: www.sbc-support.com → E-Line RIO IO Modules.







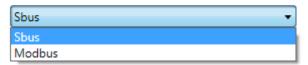
The station number can be set by the rotary switches at the device in the range of 0...98. If the rotary switches are set to position 99 the station number can be defined by the device configuration in a range of 0...253.



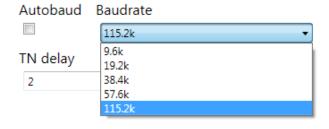
The serial communication protocol can be defined either as S-Bus or Modbus. By default the modules are delivered from factory with S-Bus.

RS-485 Bus

Protocol

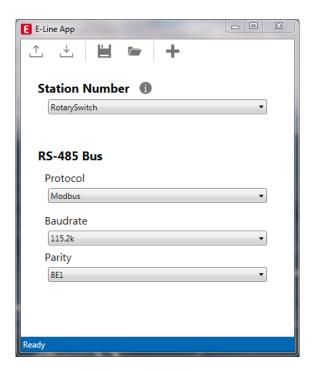


S-Bus settings



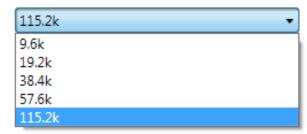
The Baudrate can be defined as automatic detection (default) or set to a specific value. The drop down choice will be available when the check box "Automatic" is unchecked. TN delay and TS delay shall be left at their default values of 2.

Modbus settings



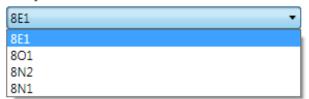
The Baudrate is set by default to 115k. It can be defined as choice of the list.

Baudrate



For best interoperability, the Parity Mode and number of Stop Bits can also be set.

Parity



S-Bus communication

S-Bus communication is based on Saia PCD® S-Bus Data Mode. Only the set-up of a unique S-Bus address within the communication line is required to establish a communication between Saia PCD® controllers and E-Line RIO modules. The address can be set using the rotary switches at the front of the module. The baud rate will be learned from the network by factory default. In addition a Windows-based application is available for manual parameter setup. Configuration parameters as well as manual override state and value are saved non-volatile. A delay of about one second between a manual state change and non-volatile saving has to be taken into consideration.

Device address

▶ 0 ... 98 Address is taken from the rotary switches

▶ 99 Address is taken from the device configuration. The address is settable with the E-Line configuration software.

Start-up procedure

► Reboot: All outputs are cleared (Off state)

► <1 sec. Output in manual operation are set according to the state before power down.

► Outputs in automatic mode

If, after reboot, no telegram is received within the "safe state power-on timeout," the module enters into the safe state mode and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

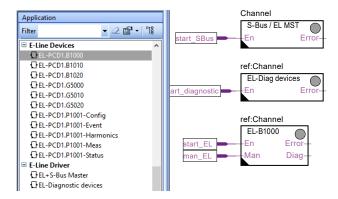
On reception of a valid command telegram the outputs are controlled by the communication. When no communication update follows within the "safe state com. timeout" the module enters into safe state and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

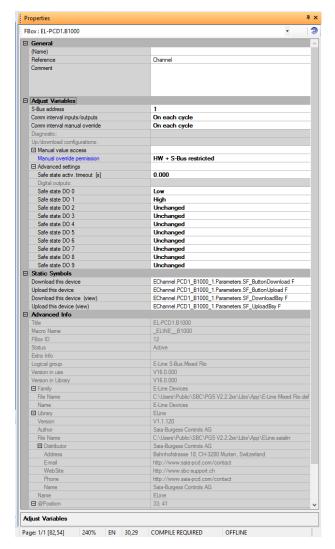
Usage of the E-Line module-specific FBoxes

The usage of the E-Line module-specific FBoxes from the E-Line S-Bus Fupla library allows an easy and efficient commissioning of the E-Line RIO.

The FBox allows the definition and configuration of all possible functionalities of the E-Line RIO like manual override permission, usage of safe state mode, behaviour and colour of the LED's and so on.

In the background, the FBox uses the fast 'E-Line S-Bus' protocol for a high speed communication between the master and the RIO.





Direct access to the RIO media with standard S-Bus send and receive telegrams

The following chapter describes the media and parameter mapping to Registers and Flags for individual programming. For efficient PCD programming the E-Line RIO FBox family and templates are suitable for most applications. Only individual programming (e.g. Instruction List) requires standard S-Bus communication.

Digital inputs

Input	Input Value	Read/Write
Digital input 0	Flag 0	R
Digital input 1	Flag 1	R
Digital input 2	Flag 2	R
Digital input 3	Flag 3	R

Relay outputs

Output	Output Value	Read/Write	Manual override Read/Write* Communication		Manual override Local	Read/Write**
Relay output 0	Flag 30	RW	Register 20	RW	Register 30	RW
Relay output 1	Flag 31	RW	Register 21	RW	Register 31	RW
Relay output 2	Flag 32	RW	Register 22	RW	Register 32	RW
Relay output 3	Flag 33	RW	Register 23	RW	Register 33	RW
Relay output 4	Flag 34	RW	Register 24	RW	Register 34	RW
Relay output 5	Flag 35	RW	Register 25	RW	Register 35	RW
Relay output 6	Flag 36	RW	Register 26	RW	Register 36	RW
Relay output 7	Flag 37	RW	Register 27	RW	Register 37	RW
Relay output 8	Flag 38	RW	Register 28	RW	Register 38	RW
Relay output 9	Flag 39	RW	Register 29	RW	Register 39	RW

^{*} Writable only if S-Bus permission is set in the configuration, otherwise write has no effect

Normal operation: The outputs are set according the flag set by the communication.

Manual operation: The output are set according to the manual command, the communication flags are ignored.

Safe State: In case of a broken communication, a safe state value can be applied, see table Safe State Configuration.

Register format for manual override via S-Bus (Reg. 20 ... 29):

Bit 0 Current output value

Bit 30 1: output is driven in manual override by S-Bus

Bit 31 1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

Register format for local manual override (Reg. 30 ... 39):

Bit 0 Current output value

Bit 31 1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

^{**}Writing to these registers has no effect. Used only if hardware permission is set in the configuration

S-Bus communication

Configuration for safe state and manual override

Output	Safe State Enable	Read/Write	Safe State Value	Read/Write
Relay output 0	Flag 320	RW	Flag 350	RW
Relay output 1	Flag 321	RW	Flag 351	RW
Relay output 2	Flag 322 RW		Flag 352	RW
Relay output 3	Flag 323	RW	Flag 353	RW
Relay output 4	Flag 324	RW	Flag 354	RW
Relay output 5	Flag 325	RW	Flag 355	RW
Relay output 6	Flag 326	RW	Flag 356	RW
Relay output 7	Flag 327	Flag 357	RW	
Relay output 8	utput 8 Flag 328 RW		Flag 358	RW
Relay output 9 Flag 329 RW		Flag 359	RW	
Communication safe state enabl	e default 0 (disabled)		Flag 400	RW
Communication safe state timeo Valid values 1000 100,000,000			Register 590	RW
Manual operation mode Bit 0: Disabled Bit 1: Remote control li Bit 2: Local operation e Bit 3: Remote control u Bits can be combined to enable	nabled, default 1 nlimited*, default 0	Register 592	RW	

 $^{{}^*\:\:} If \, manual \, operation \, is \, locally \, activated \, at \, the \, module, \, the \, output \, value \, and \, manual \, state \, cannot \, be \, set/reset \, remotely \, activated \, activate$

Manual operation mode:

- ▶ Disabled (0)
- ► Local operation only (4, Bit 2 set)
- ▶ Local operation enabled, remote limited (6, Bit 1 and 2 set), default
- ▶ Local and remote operation enabled (12, Bit 2 and 3 set)
- ► Remote operation only, local operation disabled (8, Bit 3 set)

The safe state enable flag and the safe state value are combined in the following way:

- Setting the enable flag to 0 keep the output value unchanged in case of safe state occurrence.
- Setting the enable flag to 1 writes the safe state value in case of safe state occurrence.

Device Information

Firmware version (Decimal xyyzz, 10802 → 1.08.02)	Register 600	R
Number of supported registers	Register 601	R
Number of supported flags	Register 602	R
Product type (ASCII String)***	Register 605 608	R
Hardware version (Hex)	Register 609	R
Serial number (Hex)	Register 611 612	R
Communication protocol (1:S-Bus Slave, 3:Modbus)	Register 620	R
Communication baud rate	Register 621	R
Communication auto baud enable (0:disabled, 1:enabled)	Register 622	R
Communication TN delay *	Register 623	R
Communication TS delay **	Register 624	R
Communication module address	Register 626	R

^{*} Time in 0.1 ms (e.g. 2 means 200 us) before setting activation of RS-485 line driver send mode (only used for S-Bus slave protocol)

** Time in 0.1 ms (e.g. 2 means 200 us) before sending the first character after line driver activation (only used for S-Bus slave protocol)

*** The four registers contain the ASCII characters of the product type.

E.g. for PCD1A2000-A20:

0605: 50434431H

0606: 2E413230H

0607: 30302D41H

0608: 32300000H

Modbus communication

Modbus fulfils the requirements for standard communication protocols. It is based on Modbus RTU. The Windows-based configuration software is required to enable and set up the Modbus communication parameters. The device address can be set up with the rotary switches at the front of the module. Configuration parameters as well as manual override state and value are saved non-volatile. A delay of about one second between a manual state change and non-volatile saving has to be taken into consideration.

Device address

▶ 0...98 Address is taken from the rotary switches

▶ 99 Address is taken from the device configuration. The address is settable with the E-Line configuration

Start-up procedure

► Reboot: All outputs are cleared (Off state)

► <1 sec. Output in manual operation are set according to the state before power down.

► Outputs in automatic mode

If, after reboot, no telegram is received within the "safe state power-on timeout," the module enters into the safe state mode and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

On reception of a valid command telegram the outputs are controlled by the communication. When no communication update follows within the "safe state com. timeout" the module enters into safe state and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

The following chapter describes the media and parameter mapping to Registers and Flags (=Coils).

Supported Modbus services:

- ► Function code 1 (read coils)
- ► Function code 3 (read registers)
- ► Function code 15 (write multiple coils)
- ► Function code 16 (write multiple registers)

Read coils

Request							
Address Function Start Address Number of coils to read CRC					RC		
0254	1	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Re	Reply									
F	Address	Function	No. of Byte		Data			CRC		
C	0 254	1	0 256	Coil 0 7	Coil 8 15	•••	High-Byte	Low-Byte		

Write coils

Request	Request									
Address	Address Function Start Address		Number of Coils to write		Coil data			CRC		
0254	15	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	No. of Bytes	Coil 0 7	•••	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Reply								
Address Function S		Start A	ddress	Number of v	written Coils	CF	RC	
0254	15	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	

Read register

Request								
Address	Function	Start Address		No. of Regi	ster to read	CRC		
0254	3	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	

Reply									
Address	Function	No. of Byte	Register Start Addr + 0		Addr + n	CRC			
0254	3	0 256	High-Byte	Low-Byte		High-Byte	Low-Byte		

Write register

Request	Request										
Address Function Start Address		ddress	No. of Registers No. of Bytes		es Data Word: Start Addr + 0		Addr + n	CF	RC		
0 254	16	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	2 256	Low-Byte	High-Byte	•••	High-Byte	Low-Byte

	Reply							
	Address Function Start Address		ddress	No of writte	n Registers	CRC		
Ī	0254	16	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte

The CRC has to be calculated over all telegram bytes starting with address field up to the last data byte. The CRC has to be attached to the data. Please find an example at the appendix of this document. For more details, please refer the publicly available Modbus documentation www.modbus.org.

Modbus communication

Digital inputs

Input	Input Value	Read/Write
Digital input 0	Coil 0	R
Digital input 1	Coil 1	R
Digital input 2	Coil 2	R
Digital input 3	Coil 3	R

Relay outputs Digital outputs

Output	Output Value	Read/Write	Manual override Communication	Read/Write*	Manual override Local	Read/Write**
Relay output 0	Coil 30	RW	Value Reg. 40 Enable Reg. 41	RW	Value Reg. 60 Enable Reg. 61	RW
Relay output 1	Coil 31	RW	Value Reg. 42 Enable Reg. 43	RW	Value Reg. 62 Enable Reg. 63	RW
Relay output 2	Coil 32	RW	Value Reg. 44 Enable Reg. 45	RW	Value Reg. 64 Enable Reg. 65	RW
Relay output 3	Coil 33	RW	Value Reg. 46 Enable Reg. 47	RW	Value Reg. 66 Enable Reg. 67	RW
Relay output 4	Coil 34	RW	Value Reg. 48 Enable Reg. 49	RW	Value Reg. 68 Enable Reg. 69	RW
Relay output 5	Coil 35	RW	Value Reg. 50 Enable Reg. 51	RW	Value Reg. 70 Enable Reg. 71	RW
Relay output 6	Coil 36	RW	Value Reg. 52 Enable Reg. 53	RW	Value Reg. 72 Enable Reg. 73	RW
Relay output 7	Coil 37	RW	Value Reg. 54 Enable Reg. 55	RW	Value Reg. 74 Enable Reg. 75	RW
Relay output 8	Coil 38	RW	Value Reg. 56 Enable Reg. 57	RW	Value Reg. 76 Enable Reg. 77	RW
Relay output 9	Coil 39	RW	Value Reg. 58 Enable Reg. 59	RW	Value Reg. 78 Enable Reg. 79	RW

 $^{{}^{*} \ \} Writable \ only \ if \ Modbus \ permission \ is \ set \ in \ the \ configuration, otherwise \ write \ has \ no \ effect$

Normal operation: The outputs are set according the flag set by the communication.

Manual operation: The output are set according to the manual command, the communication flags are ignored.

Safe State: In case of a broken communication, a safe state value can be applied, see table Safe State Configuration.

Register format for manual override via Modbus (Reg. 40 ... 59):

Bit 0 Current output value

Enable Reg. Bit 14 1: output is driven in manual override by Modbus

Enable Reg. Bit 15 1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

Register format for local manual override (Reg. 60 ... 79):

Value Reg. Bit 0 Current output value

Enable Reg. Bit 15 1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

^{**}Writing to these registers has no effect. Used only if hardware permission is set in the configuration

Modbus communication

Configuration for safe state and manual override

Output	Safe State Enable	Read/Write	Safe State Value	Read/Write
Relay output 0	Coil 320	RW	Coil 350	RW
Relay output 1	Coil 321	RW	Coil 351	RW
Relay output 2	Coil 322	RW	Coil 352	RW
Relay output 3	Coil 323	RW	Coil 353	RW
Relay output 4	Coil 324	RW	Coil 354	RW
Relay output 5	Coil 325	RW	Coil 355	RW
Relay output 6	Coil 326	RW	Coil 356	RW
Relay output 7	Coil 327	RW	Coil 357	RW
Relay output 8	Coil 328	RW	Coil 358	RW
Relay output 9	Coil 329	RW	Coil 359	RW
Communication safe state enable	default 0 (disabled)		Coil 400	RW
Communication safe state timeo Valid values 1000 100,000,000			Reg. 1180, 1181	RW
Manual operation mode Bit 0: Disabled Bit 1: Remote control lin Bit 2: Local operation en Bit 3: Remote control un Bits can be combined to enable re	abled, default 1 limited*, default 0	Register 1184	RW	

 $^{^* \ \ \}text{If manual operation is locally activated at the module, the output value and manual state cannot be set/reset remotely}$

Manual operation mode:

- ▶ Disabled (0)
- ► Local operation only (4, Bit 2 set)
- ▶ Local operation enabled, remote limited (6, Bit 1 and 2 set), default
- ▶ Local and remote operation enabled (12, Bit 2 and 3 set)
- ► Remote operation only, local operation disabled (8, Bit 3 set)

The safe state enable flag and the safe state value are combined in the following way:

- Setting the enable coil to 0 keep the output value unchanged in case of safe state occurrence.
- Setting the enable coil to 1 writes the safe state value in case of safe state occurrence.

Device Information

Register 1200	R
Register 1202	R
Register 1204	R
Register 1210 1217	R
Register 1218	R
Register 1222 1224	R
Register 1240	R
Register 1242	R
Register 1244	R
Register 1250	R
Register 1252	R
	Register 1202 Register 1204 Register 1210 1217 Register 1218 Register 1222 1224 Register 1240 Register 1242 Register 1244 Register 1250

^{*} The eight registers contain the ASCII characters of the product type. E.g. for PCD1.A2000-A20: 1210...1217: 5043H | 4431H | 2E41H | 3230H | 3030H | 2D41H | 3230H | 0000H

CRC Generation Example

(Source: http://modbus.org/docs/PI_MBUS_300.pdf, the following content of this page is copied from the referenced document. In case of any questions, please check out the original source)

The function takes two arguments: unsigned char *puchMsg; A pointer to the message buffer containing binary data to be used for generating the CRC unsigned short usDataLen; The quantity of bytes in the message buffer. The function returns the CRC as a type unsigned short.

CRC Generation Function

```
unsigned short CRC16(puchMsg, usDataLen);
unsigned char *puchMsg :
                                                                                           /* message to calculate CRC upon */
                                                                                          /* quantity of bytes in message */
unsigned short usDataLen;
{
            unsigned char uchCRCHi = 0xFF;
                                                                                          /* high byte of CRC initialized */
                                                                                          /* low byte of CRC initialized */
            unsigned char uchCRCLo = 0xFF;
            unsigned uIndex ;
                                                                                          /* will index into CRC lookup table */
            while (usDataLen--)
                                                                                          /* pass through message buffer */
                         uIndex = uchCRCHi ^ *puchMsgg++;
                                                                                          /* calculate the CRC */
                         uchCRCHi = uchCRCLo ^ auchCRCHi[uIndex];
                         uchCRCLo = auchCRCLo[uIndex];
             return (uchCRCHi << 8 | uchCRCLo);
High-Order Byte Table
/* Table of CRC values for high-order byte */
static unsigned char auchCRCHi[] = {
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
 0 \times 00, \ 0 \times C1, \ 0 \times 81, \ 0 \times 40, \ 0 \times 01, \ 0 \times C0, \ 0 \times 80, \ 0 \times 41, \ 0 \times C0, \ 0 \times 80, \ 0 \times 41, \ 0 \times 00, \ 0 \times C1, \ 0 \times 81, \ 0 \times 40, \ 0 \times C1, \ 0 \times
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40 );
Low-Order Byte Table
/* Table of CRC values for low-order byte */
static char auchCRCLo[] = {
0x00, 0xC0, 0xC1, 0x01, 0xC3, 0x03, 0x02, 0xC2, 0xC6, 0x06, 0x07, 0xC7, 0x05, 0xC5, 0xC4, 0x04,
0xCC, 0x0C, 0x0D, 0xCD, 0x0F, 0xCF, 0xCE, 0x0E, 0x0A, 0xCA, 0xCB, 0x0B, 0xCB, 0x0B, 0xCB,
0x08, 0x18, 0x19, 0x09, 0x18, 0x08, 0x0A, 0x1A, 0x1E, 0x0E, 0x0F, 0x1F, 0x0D, 0x1D, 0x1C, 0x0C,
0x14, 0xD4, 0xD5, 0x15, 0xD7, 0x15, 0xD6, 0xD6, 0xD2, 0x12, 0x13, 0xD3, 0x11, 0xD1, 0xD0, 0x10,
0xF0, 0x30, 0x31, 0xF1, 0x33, 0xF3, 0xF2, 0x32, 0x36, 0xF6, 0xF7, 0x37, 0xF5, 0x35, 0x34, 0xF4,
0x3C, 0xFC, 0xFD, 0x3D, 0xFF, 0x3F, 0x3E, 0xFE, 0xFA, 0x3A, 0x3B, 0xFB, 0x39, 0xF9, 0xF8, 0x38,
0x28, 0xE8, 0xE9, 0x29, 0xEB, 0x2B, 0x2A, 0xEA, 0xEE, 0x2E, 0x2F, 0xEF, 0x2D, 0xED, 0xEC, 0x2C,
0xE4, 0x24, 0x25, 0xE5, 0x27, 0xE7, 0xE6, 0x26, 0x22, 0xE2, 0xE3, 0x23, 0xE1, 0x21, 0x20, 0xE0,
0xA0, 0x60, 0x61, 0xA1, 0x63, 0xA3, 0xA2, 0x62, 0x66, 0xA6, 0xA7, 0x67, 0xA5, 0x65, 0x64, 0xA4,
0x6C, 0xAC, 0xAD, 0x6D, 0xAF, 0x6F, 0x6E, 0xAE, 0xAA, 0x6A, 0x6B, 0xAB, 0x69, 0xAB, 0x68,
0x78, 0x88, 0x89, 0x79, 0x88, 0x78, 0x78, 0x88, 0x8E, 0x7E, 0x8F, 0x7E, 0x8E, 0x7C,
0x84, 0x74, 0x75, 0x85, 0x77, 0x87, 0x86, 0x76, 0x72, 0x82, 0x83, 0x73, 0x81, 0x71, 0x70, 0x80,
0x50, 0x90, 0x91, 0x51, 0x93, 0x53, 0x52, 0x92, 0x96, 0x56, 0x57, 0x97, 0x55, 0x95, 0x94, 0x54,
0x9C, 0x5C, 0x5D, 0x9D, 0x5F, 0x9F, 0x9E, 0x5E, 0x5A, 0x9A, 0x9B, 0x5B, 0x9A, 0x9B, 0x5B, 0x5B, 0x5B, 0x5B, 0x9B,
0x88, 0x48, 0x49, 0x89, 0x4B, 0x8B, 0x8A, 0x4A, 0x4E, 0x8E, 0x8F, 0x4F, 0x8D, 0x4D, 0x4C, 0x8C,
0x44, 0x84, 0x85, 0x45, 0x87, 0x47, 0x46, 0x86, 0x82, 0x42, 0x43, 0x83, 0x41, 0x81, 0x80, 0x40 );
```



NOTE

Extra low voltages (ELV) or secure low voltages (SELV) are voltages up to 50 Volts.



NOTE

Low voltages are voltages between 50 ... 250 Volts.

INSTALLATION DIRECTION FOR SWITCHING LOWER VOLTAGES

For reasons of safety it is not allowed that extra low voltages and low voltages are connected to two adjacent relay contacts. Neither different phases may be connected to two adjacent relay contacts. But a relay contact between them can be left empty.

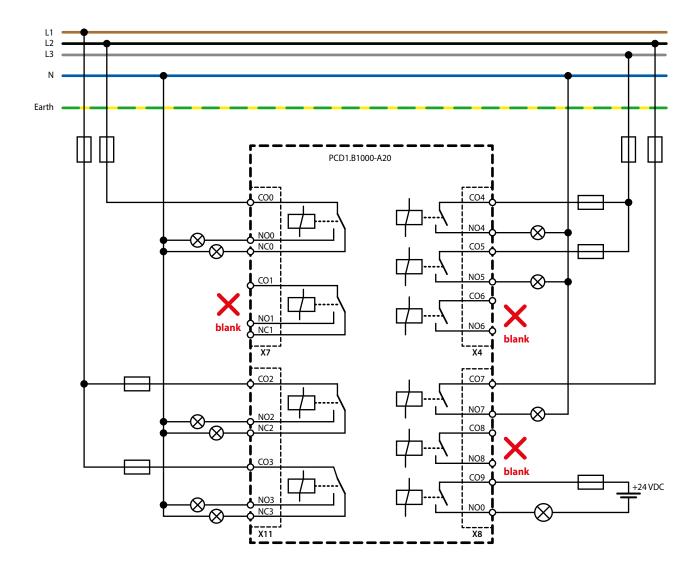


If a Saia PCD® system module is connected to low voltage, then all components which are electrically connected to this system must be approved for low voltage.

When using low voltage, all connections to the relay contacts, which are connected to the same circuit, must be protected by a common fuse.

The individual load circuits, on the other hand, may be protected individually by a fuse.

Wiring example with fuses and 3 phases





ATTENTION

These devices must only be installed by a professional electrician, otherwise there is the risk of fire or the risk of an electric shock.



WARNING

Product is not intended to be used in safety critical applications, using it in safety critical applications is unsafe.



WARNING - Safety

The unit is not suitable for the explosion-proof areas and the areas of use excluded in EN 61010 Part 1.



WARNING - Safety

Check compliance with nominal voltage before commissioning the device (see type label). Check that connection cables are free from damage and that, when wiring up the device, they are not connected to voltage.



NOTE

In order to avoid moisture in the device due to condensate build-up, acclimatise the device at room temperature for about half an hour before connecting.



CLEANING

The device can be cleaned in dead state with a dry cloth or cloth soaked in soap solution. Do not use caustic or solvent-containing substances for cleaning.



MAINTENANCE

These devices are maintenance-free. If damaged during transportation or storage, no repairs should be undertaken by the user.



GUARANTEE

Opening the module invalidates the guarantee.



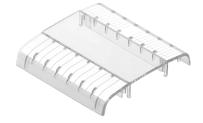
WEEE Directive 2012/19/EC Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment directive

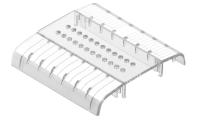
The product should not be disposed of with other household waste. Check for the nearest authorized collection centers or authorized recyclers. The correct disposal of end-of-life equipment will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health.



EAC Mark of Conformity for Machinery Exports to Russia, Kazakhstan or Belarus.







PCD1.B1000-A20

PCD1.K0206-005

PCD1.K0206-025



Terminal set 32304321-003-S

Order details

Туре	Short description	Description	Weight
PCD1.B1000-A20	E-Line RIO 4DI, 10Rel	E-Line digital input/output module Manual priority operating level for all outputs Status LED for inputs and outputs Supply 24 VDC 4 digital inputs; 24 VDC (source operation) 6 relay normally open 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 4 A (DC1) 4 relay changeover 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 4 A (DC1) 1 interface RS-485 (S-Bus and Modbus)	385 g
PCD1.K0206-005	E-Line labelling set 5 × 6 HP*	E-Line cover and labelling set consisting of 5 × covers (6 HP = 105 mm) and labelling sheet for mounting in the automation control cabinet	365 g
PCD1.K0206-025	E-Line labelling set 5 × 6 HP* with holes	E-Line cover and labelling set with holes consisting of 5 × covers (6 HP = 105 mm) with holes for manual override operating level and labelling sheet for mounting in the automation control cabinet	365 g
32304321-003-S	Terminal set	6-pin terminal. Set of 6 terminal blocks	40 g

^{*} Horizontal pitch: 1 HP corresponds to 17.5 mm

Saia-Burgess Controls AG

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